

Iron County Register

E. D. AKE, EDITOR.

VOLUME XXIV. NUMBER 6.
IRONTON, : : AUGUST 14, 1890.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Judge of the Supreme Court:
JAMES B. GANTT,
Of Clinton County.
For State Superintendent of Schools:
L. E. WOLFE,
Of Randolph County.
For Railroad Commissioner:
H. W. HICKMAN,
Of Stoddard County.

For State Senator, 24th District, Missouri,
FRANK R. NEWBERRY,
Of Madison County.

For Congress—Tenth District:
SAMUEL BYRNS,
Of Washington County.

IRON COUNTY TICKET.

For Representative:
MANN RINGO.
For Presiding Judge of the County Court:
ALLAN W. HOLLOMAN.
For County Judge—Southern District:
JOS. G. CLARKSON.
For Clerk of the Circuit Court:
JOSEPH HUFF.
For Clerk of the County Court:
M. A. FLETCHER.
For Collector:
P. W. WHITWORTH.
For Sheriff:
ALTER H. FISHER.
For Assessor:
SAMUEL P. REYBURN.
For Treasurer:
DAVID F. REESE.
For Prosecuting Attorney:
J. S. JORDAN.
For Judge of Probate:
FRANZ DINGER.

OUR PLATFORM.

Unalterable opposition to the policy of
Public Foreclosure to Private Industries by
Tariff Taxation—commonly called the Re-
publican Policy of Protection.

St. Francois county cast 1876 votes
at the late Democratic primary elec-
tion.

From the way the Bonne Terre
Register is jumping on Hon. Jasper N.
Burks, we predict for him a big major-
ity in November next.

The indications now are that Editor
Barthold, of the St. Louis Tribune,
will receive the nomination for Con-
gressman for the Tenth District. But
the Light-Weight got away with the
committee's endorsement.

Secretary Noble having taken the
hatches off "Old Man Filley" is on
deck again. The o.m. is as facile and
subservient as a jack-in-box, appar-
ently. But there may be Harrison
blood in his retina, for all that.

The Republicans profess to be feel-
ing mighty good over Sam. Byrns'
nomination for Congress. Well, we
are not disposed to be hogish in this
matter: the enemy may laugh now;
but after the 4th of November we'll
take our turn.

Local Option in St. Francois county
was knocked out by Judge Fox last
week, which moves the Bonne Terre
Register to say:

There is not one judge in fifty in the state
who would send a blind-tiger to jail on
as trivial technical grounds as they have knock-
ed out local option.

The Bonne Terre Register accuses
Democratic papers of abusing Old
Man Filley. Our High-Tax brother
is "off his base," as the boys express
it. The only paper in Missouri given to
steady, perennial "abuse" of Mr.
Filley is "the great religious daily,"
the big dog who pitches the bark-tone
for all the little Republican yelpers
throughout the State.

The Democrats of Madison county
held their primary election last Sat-
urday, and the following are the nomi-
nations: Representative, Jas. G. Don-
nell; Prosecuting Attorney, R. A. An-
thony; Circuit Clerk, A. D. Villars;
County Clerk, A. V. Downs; Collec-
tor, Henry S. Spiva; Sheriff, R. P.
Callaway; Probate Judge, N. B. Al-
len; Treasurer, Newton McCallum;
Presiding Judge, C. Wiegand; As-
sociate Judge, First District, An-
nell Mathews; Second District, J. H. Ho-
vis; Assessor, J. M. Ross.

From reading the Bonne Terre De-
mocrat, and other papers he has edited,
we long since concluded that Bro.
Flynn was a rather "pearl" country
editor. But he has, it seems, the fac-
ulty of expressing himself on his feet,
also, in no mean degree. We learn
from delegates to the De Soto Con-
vention, that he did himself proud in a
ten-minute talk there, with words
well-chosen, sentences well-constructed,
and ideas appropriate to the occa-
sion. We congratulate the Bonne
Terre Democrats in having such an
editor.

Elections took place on Monday
of last week in Alabama and Kentucky.
On September 1 the State election
takes place in Arkansas, on Septem-
ber 2 in Vermont, and on September
8 in Maine, Georgia follows on Octo-
ber 1. No other elections will take
place until November. The tendency
of legislation has been of late years,
in most States, to change the date of
election so that it may fall uniformly
upon the first Tuesday after the first
Monday in November. Twenty years
ago California elected its State officers
in September, Connecticut in April,
Indiana, and Iowa in October, Maine
in September, Nebraska in October,
New Hampshire in March, North Car-
olina in August, Ohio and Pennsylva-
nia in October, Tennessee in August,

and South Carolina and West Virgini-
a in October. But they have all fall-
en into the November line.

Laboring men of Bonne Terre, before
enlisting under the free-trade banner in
Senator Vest's "war of extermination upon
our protected industries," should decide
which will pay them best—working for the
St. Joe Lead Company or fishing in Big
River.—Bonne Terre Register, Aug. 7th.

We reprint the above editorial
from the subsidized organ of the St.
Joe Lead Company, and in fairness
now endeavor to construe it.

It is either—1st, a threat to dis-
charge those employees who vote their
convictions, being Democratic; or 2d,
that if the tariff on lead is reduced the
Company will be compelled to shut
down its works.

As to the latter, it is hardly prob-
able that a concern that builds a sixty
mile railroad, besides paying 33 per
cent. dividend on its watered stock,
out of one year's profits, would shut
down for lack of profits even if lead
were on the free list. They made the
same threat if Cleveland was elected
in 1884, still they ran. As to the first
proposition, that is simply in keeping
with the policy adopted by that cor-
poration along with some others to
control the political action of its em-
ployees and make of them slaves.

That it will not succeed at Bonne
Terre this year may be judged from
the fact that the same threat was made
in the last campaign by the same
Company, and over the name of its
president; still Bonne Terre went
Democratic almost two to one.

"Lay on McDuff, and damned be
he, who first cries, 'hold, enough!'"

Mr. Blaine's reciprocity idea has
proved to be a bomb-shell in the Re-
publican ranks. It is an abandon-
ment of the idea of protection and the
idea of the sufficiency of the home
market. Reed and McKinley stand
squarely on the Chicago platform.
They would have a wall built about
the United States so high and strong
that nothing made by us can come
over or through it. Blaine's idea is a
departure from the high protective
doctrine, and the party of which he is
an acknowledged leader bids fair to
pull apart at this point. To the dis-
interested spectator of this family
fight, the question presents itself: If
it is a good thing to break down the
barriers as to one nation, and permit
our citizens to buy from it by special
treaty, why should not similar treat-
ies be entered into with every other
nation? "I'll trade with you if you'll
trade with me," is the language of
reciprocity. The ultra protectionists
regard reciprocity as the thin end of
the Free Trade wedge, and they are
right. The fact is that Mr. Blaine
sees that the eyes of the people are
opened to the enormity of the protec-
tive steal. It has made a nation of
millionaires and paupers; the great
majority (the pauperized) have caught
on to the shell game. Mr. Blaine sees
that the jig is up, and proposes to
back down gracefully while there is
time. The consequent rage of the
Reed-McKinley crowd is something
funny to look at. All good Democrats—
and to be a Democrat is to be good—
are getting ready to enjoy the circus,
and will cheerfully participate in the
obsequies, if there is to be a funeral,
of either faction. If preferred, they
will considerately bury both this fall.

Second District Census.

We clip from the Globe-Democrat
the following statement of the popu-
lation of this, the second, Missouri census
district. The figures were furnished
by the supervisor of this district, and
may be regarded as a correct report:

COUNTY.	1880.	1890.
Bollinger	11,194	12,749
Butler	8,871	9,754
Dexter	2,139	2,787
Dunklin	9,449	10,024
Iron	7,183	8,357
Cape Girardeau	19,063	21,854
Shannon	3,441	3,709
Stoddard	13,396	17,087
Scott	8,056	11,187
Madison	8,567	9,249
Mississippi	7,116	7,249
Ripley	5,367	7,108
Reynolds	5,708	6,822
St. Genevieve	9,832	9,780
St. Francois	13,169	17,328
New Madrid	5,213	6,228
Oregon	5,123	10,081
Pemiscot	4,031	5,061
Perry	11,424	13,279
Washington	11,828	13,329
Wayne	9,938	11,704
Total	176,277	230,910
Total	533,633	633,633

This shows a gain of 30 per cent. for
the district.

Shun the Lobby.

The report that the dressed beef com-
bine is pouring money into Missouri to
defeat Senator Vest and elect a legisla-
ture which can be depended upon to
obey orders may or may not be true.
But at all events the people should
see to it that men are sent to the
legislature who cannot be corrupted.
It is altogether probable that be-
fore the campaign is over there will be
some very unpleasant history published
of law-makers who served corpora-
tions in the best in place of the people.
Members of the legislature should
not come to Jefferson City to make
laws with any prejudice against capital
or corporations, but with a determina-
tion to obey their oaths of office. Next
after the demagogue (who is always
corrupt) the most disgusting object in
the law-maker who has sold himself to
the lobby. He dare not call his soul
his own, and if by chance he should
undertake to think and act for himself,
he will be immediately exposed and
soon after sink into disgrace.

The inexperienced law-maker can
follow no better advice than to have
nothing to do with professional lobby-
ists. Such vultures hang about the
legislature for no good purposes. Half
of them are little better than black-
mailers. For a few favors and many
promises, which are easily made to be
broken, a member of the house or sen-
ate is expected to offer his reputation
and honor in exchange. Just as soon
as he can no longer serve the lobby he
is cast aside with as little ceremony as
a tattered garment.—Jefferson City
Tribune.

Valley Supplements for sale at this office,
for 10 cents each; by mail, postpaid, 12 cents.

Three Humbugs Exposed.

One of the most interesting features
of Senator Vest's last brilliant speech
in the Senate was his exposure of three
arrant official humbugs at Washing-
ton—Superintendent Porter of the
Census Bureau, Statistician Dodge of
the Agricultural Bureau, and Secretary
Rusk, Secretary of Agriculture. These
three worthies had been called on to
help the Northeastern protectionists
pass the higher tariff bill, and they
performed the task by giving, each of
them, an official document whose ob-
ject was to hide the truth and induce
the public to accept a falsehood. It
was known that the chief opposition
to an increase of tariff duties, which
are too high already, would come from
the agricultural West, and the duty
imposed on Superintendent Porter,
Statistician Dodge and Secretary Rusk
was to delude Western farmers into
believing that the new bill was one for
their particular benefit—one to keep
out foreign farm products, and give to
our own farmers control of the home
market at better prices. The state-
ments they put forth stood unchallenged
for several months till Senator Vest
took them up and tore them to pieces,
and exposed the hypocrisy of the offi-
cials who made them.

Superintendent Porter's paper stated
that "last year the agricultural
products imported, on which duty was
levied, aggregated \$250,000,000." Sta-
tistician Dodge went ahead of this, and
stated that "the agricultural imports
amounted, for 1889, to \$345,000,000 at
ports of shipment and fully \$400,000,000
with freight and commissions added,"
and Secretary Rusk stated that "the
imports of agricultural products for
the fiscal year ending in 1889 amount-
ed to the enormous sum of \$556,000,000."

The intent of the official authors of
these statements was to make our
farmers believe that their home mar-
ket was being invaded by foreign rivals,
and they needed a higher tariff on for-
eign farm products to keep them out
of the country, and reserve the privi-
lege of supplying the home market to
themselves. But Senator Vest shows
that the largest item in these imported
products was sugar, \$39,000,000, which
we do not raise, except to a very limited
extent, and that only in the single
State of Louisiana—so that it can not
be truthfully said that imported sugar,
which nineteen-twentieths of our farm-
ers have to buy, in any degree com-
petes with our own agricultural prod-
ucts. Then, \$7,434,000 of four-cul-
tural imports consisted of flax, silk, etc.

So compete with the products of West-
ern farms—but the joke is, they are
imported free of duty, under the pres-
ent tariff, and they are to be imported
free of duty under the McKinley bill!
The Massachusetts boot and shoe and
leather goods manufacturers want to
import free hides from South America
—and the new tariff bill gives them
the privilege, at the cost of the Farmers
of the West. We imported over
\$3,000,000 worth of animals for breed-
ing purposes. This is an advantage
to our farming interest, and to impose
a duty on superior blooded animals
would be a tax on farmers themselves.
We import \$1,132,000 worth of foreign
cheese of kinds and qualities not made
in this country, and which do not,
therefore, compete with the products
of our own dairies. Our imports of
hemp, flax, jute, silk and other fibres
amounted to \$39,000,000—and none of
these compete with the products of our
farmers. Then, \$7,434,000 of four-cul-
tural imports consisted of flax, silk, etc.

Hemp is cultivated in a very small
way in one State, Kentucky, and flax
we have never attempted to raise ex-
cept for seed. The tobacco we import
(\$1,000,000) is of the same quality as
a totally different kind from that
which we produce; the fruits and nuts
(\$19,000,000) we import come from the
tropics and could not be raised here;
and the \$8,000,000 worth of foreign
wines we import are also kinds and
qualities not made in this country.

In short, the Missouri Senator com-
pletely eviscerates the statements of
the three administration officials and
leaves nothing, or next to nothing, in
them, by demonstrating that nearly
all our imports of soil products are ar-
ticles raised in the tropics, or climates
and regions different from ours; and
that so far from competing with the
products of our soil they are, many of
them, articles which the great body of
American farmers have to buy—and
the pretense of protecting our agricul-
tural interest by a higher tariff bill is
an unqualified fraud.—St. Joseph Bat-
tle.

The Overproduction Farce.

The Republican party has persist-
ently claimed that the trouble with the
American farmers is that they produce
too much grain and thus destroy the
market. Unfortunately for the Repub-
lican party, the fallacy of its claim is
about to be established in a most con-
vincing manner. There is a great fall-
ing of in crops this year, and in place
of the farmers being benefited thereby
they are compelled to endure new
hardships and the wolf has advanced
closer to their homes.

It is well established that, in order
to make a living, a farmer must work
hard and produce all the surplus grain
possible. If he raises half a crop he
will suffer in proportion. He has noth-
ing whatever to do with fixing the
price of what he sells or purchases—he
must take what is offered and give
what is asked. This season's decrease
in the crop proves that over-production
is not the cause of distress in the agri-
cultural districts. The farmers will
make less than ever and they will pay
as much, and we expect more, for such
necessaries of life as they must pur-
chase.

What ails the farmer is that the in-
famous tariff laws of the country have
deprived him of a market and at the
same time increase the price of such
commodities as he must purchase. The
remedy is to elect a democratic con-
gress pledged to reduce the tariff.—
Jefferson City Tribune.

BUCKMAN'S

—IS THE—



LEADING

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

IN SOUTHEAST MISSOURI.

All Work Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

SIM. BUCKMAN,
Opp. L.O.O.F. Hall, Ironton.

People Wonder

WHEN they find how rapidly health
is restored by taking Ayer's Sar-
saparilla. The reason is that this
preparation contains only the purest
and most powerful alteratives and
tonics. To thousands yearly it proves a
veritable elixir of life.

Mrs. Jos. Lake, Brockway Centre,
Mich., writes: "Liver complaint and
indigestion made my life a burden
and came near ending my existence.
For more than four years I suffered un-
tolerably. I was reduced almost to
a skeleton, and hardly had strength to
drag myself about. All kinds of food
distressed me, and only the most deli-
cate could be digested at all. Within
the time mentioned several physicians
treated me without giving relief. Noth-
ing that I took seemed to do any per-
manent good until I began the use of
Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which has pro-
duced wonderful results. Soon after
commencing to take the Sarsaparilla I
could see an

Improvement

in my condition, my appetite began to
return and with it came the ability to
digest all the food taken, my strength
improved each day, and after a few
months of faithful attention to your
directions, I found myself a well
woman, able to attend to all household
duties. The medicine has given me a
new lease of life, and I cannot thank
you too much."

"We, the undersigned, citizens of
Brockway Centre, Mich., hereby certify
that the above statement, made by
Mrs. Lake, is true in every particular
and entitled to full credence."—O. P.
Chamberlain, G. W. Waring, C. A.
Wells, Druggists.

"My brother, in England, was, for a
long time, unable to attend to his oc-
cupation, by reason of sores on his foot.
I sent him Ayer's Sarsaparilla and the
result was that it induced him to try
Ayer's Sarsaparilla. After using it a
little while, he was cured, and is now
a well man, working in a sugar mill
at Brisbane, Queensland, Australia."—
A. Attewell, Sharbot Lake, Ontario.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.

CAUTION W. L. Douglas Shoes are
made in this country and every pair
has his name and price stamped on bottom.



W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

Fine Calf and Laced Water-proof Grain.

The excellence and wearing qualities of this shoe
cannot be better shown than by the strong endorse-
ments of its thousands of constant wearers.

\$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, an elegant and
stylish dress shoe, which commands itself.

\$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt. A fine calf shoe
with a rubber sole.

\$3.50 Goodyear Welt is the standard dress
shoe.

\$3.00 Police-man's Shoe is especially adapted
for the police.

All made in Congress, Boston and Lowell.

\$3 & \$2 SHOES FOR LADIES.

have been most favorably received since introduced
and the recent improvements make them superior
to any shoes sold at these prices.

Write your dealer, and if he cannot supply you send
direct to factory, enclosing advertisement, price of a
postal for order blanks.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

\$10000 REWARD FOR EVERY OUNCE OF PURE CREAM TARTAR GOODS.

FREE FROM ALUM AND AMMONIA.

EVERY CAN WARRANTED.

Ask your Grocer for it.

IF NOT PLEASED MONEY WILL
BE REFUNDED BY DEALER.

For sale by T. S. Lopez & Sons, Ironton;
and Jno. Whitworth, Arcadia.

Academy of Music,

Ironton, Mo.

For Theatrical and Operatic Enter-
tainments, Exhibitions, Balls, Etc.

Auditorium, 50x37 feet. Stage, 23x37 feet.

with opening or proscenium 16x12. Two

dressing-rooms, one on either side of stage,

and a large room underneath. Four Scenes—

Street, Wood, Kitchen and Parlor—Ingrooves.

Fitted with all ordinary appliances. Hall

seated with chairs and gallery with benches.

Seating capacity about 500.

The towns of Ironton, Pilot Knob and

Arcadia, with a population of 6,000, are

within a radius of one mile—Ironton in

the centre.

For terms, etc., apply to

W. T. GAY, Superintendent.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Whereas, Joseph Malandron and Jo-

hannah Malandron, his wife, by their cer-

tain deed of trust, dated June 11th,

1889, recorded in the office of the Record-

er of Deeds for the County of Iron, State

of Missouri, in book 31, page 390, did

convey to the undersigned trustee, all

their right, title and interest in and to

the following tract or parcel of land, sit-
uate, lying and being in the County of
Iron and State of Missouri, viz:

The northwest quarter of the southwest
quarter of section 26, township 34, north
of range 2 east; also, the northwest quar-
ter of the southeast quarter of section 27,
township 34, north of range 2 east; also
the northeast quarter of the southeast
quarter of section 27, township 34, range
2 east, containing in the aggregate 120
acres, more or less.

Which said conveyance was made in
trust to secure the payment of one cer-
tain promissory note therein mentioned
and described.

And whereas said note is long since
due, and remains unpaid;

Now, therefore, at the request of the le-
gal holder of said note, and in pursuance
of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the
undersigned trustee, will, on

Saturday, August 23d, 1890,
at the east front door of the courthouse
in the city of Ironton, Iron county, Mis-
souri, between the hours of 9 o'clock A.
M. and 5 o'clock P. M. of that day, sell
at public vendue the above described
real estate, to the highest bidder for cash,
so satisfy said note. And the costs and ex-
penses of this trust.

WILLIAM REKE, Trustee.

Important Notice!

MRS. LOPEZ has just returned from
her trip, having purchased a

BEAUTIFUL LINE OF SPRING GOODS

CONSISTING OF

MILLINERY, TRIMMINGS, DRESS GOODS

and other FANCY GOODS. They are now
all open for inspection! Come and see them!
See our beautiful line of

HATS, FLOWERS AND RIBBONS

See our beautiful line of DRESS GOODS.
In this line we can show you an elegant as-
sortment, of which she has taken special pains
to select. We want to call your attention to
our lines of

MOHAIR, * HENRIETTAS,
TANUSE, CHALLI, ABBATROS, IN ALL SHADES,
Zephyr Gingham, Sateens,

In all the stylish colors, at 10, 12½ and 15 cents per yard.

We have a nice lot of BEADED CAPES for \$1.75. If you
want to look nice and stylish don't fail to get one of them.
JERSEYS, very cheap, nicely braided, at 75c and \$1. A special
bargain.

CLOTHING

CLOTHING, CLOTHING

For Men and Boys at astonishing low figures. We can sell a
Man's good all wool suit for \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$10.00 and up-
wards. Every one of them are genuine BARGAINS! Boys suits
for \$1.25 and upwards.

We have a nice line of Furnishing Goods, Neckwear, Etc.

SEE 'EM!

500 Pairs Women's Button Goat
Shoes, in Opera Toe, and Common-Sense
Styles—all Solid—going at \$1.25; worth
\$2.00.

One lot Women's Button and Lace,
at 85c; all Solid; every pair worth \$1.50.

A lot of Misses' and Children's—12s
to 2s—at 75c.

TABLE LINEN.—In this line we
have a lot of Oil Red, we are selling at
25c per yard; sells at other places at 40c.

Our stock of SHOES is complete in every department.
We have large Lines of CARPETS, BRUSSELLS
From 15c, 25c, 30c and 40c up to INGRAINS
70 cents. and HEMP.

Also a large stock of FURNITURE, STOVES, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
COME AND SEE US.

T. S. LOPEZ AND SONS.